



User Account Control in Windows Vista UAC Under the Covers

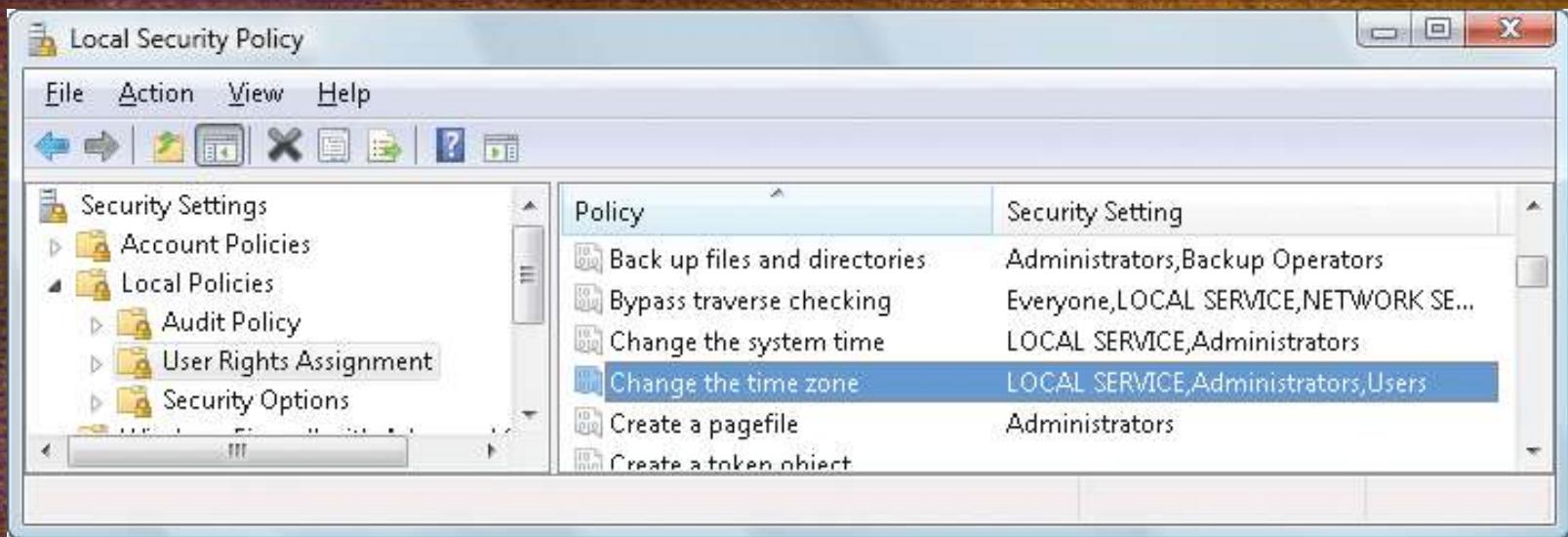
Bob McCoy, CISSP/ISSAP
Technical Account Manager
Microsoft Corporation

UAC Goal

**Make running as non-admin possible
and practical**

Addressing the Issues

- Assumed admin rights
- Occasional need for admin rights



Additional User Settings

- WEP
- Create VPN connections
- Change power management settings
- Install critical Windows updates
- Group Policy settings may enable standard users to:
 - Install IT-approved printers or devices
 - Install ActiveX controls from administrator-approved sites

Virtualization

- Been around since Windows 2000
- Configured manually via Application Compatibility Toolkit
- Happens automatically for “legacy” apps on Windows Vista

Legacy Apps

- ✓ 32-bit app
- ✓ Not running with admin rights
- ✓ No Vista manifest
 - Embedded
 - Separate *.manifest file

Legacy Apps

The legacy process believes that the operation succeeds when it really created the file in a location fully accessible by the user, but default permissions on the Windows directory deny access to the application written for Windows Vista.

Manifest

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<!-- Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation -->
<assembly xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v1" manifestVersion="1.0">
<assemblyIdentity
    version="5.1.0.0"
    processorArchitecture="x86"
    name="Microsoft.Windows.FileSystem.CMD"
    type="win32"
/>
<description>Windows Command Processor</description>

<trustInfo xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v3">
    <security>
        <requestedPrivileges>
            <requestedExecutionLevel
                level="asInvoker" ←
                uiAccess="false"
            />
        </requestedPrivileges>
    </security>
</trustInfo>
</assembly>
```

The diagram highlights two levels of requested execution level in the XML code:

- level="asInvoker"** (highlighted in red)
- level="highestAvailable"** (highlighted in yellow)

A curved arrow points from the red box to the yellow box, indicating a relationship or dependency between the two levels.

mt.exe

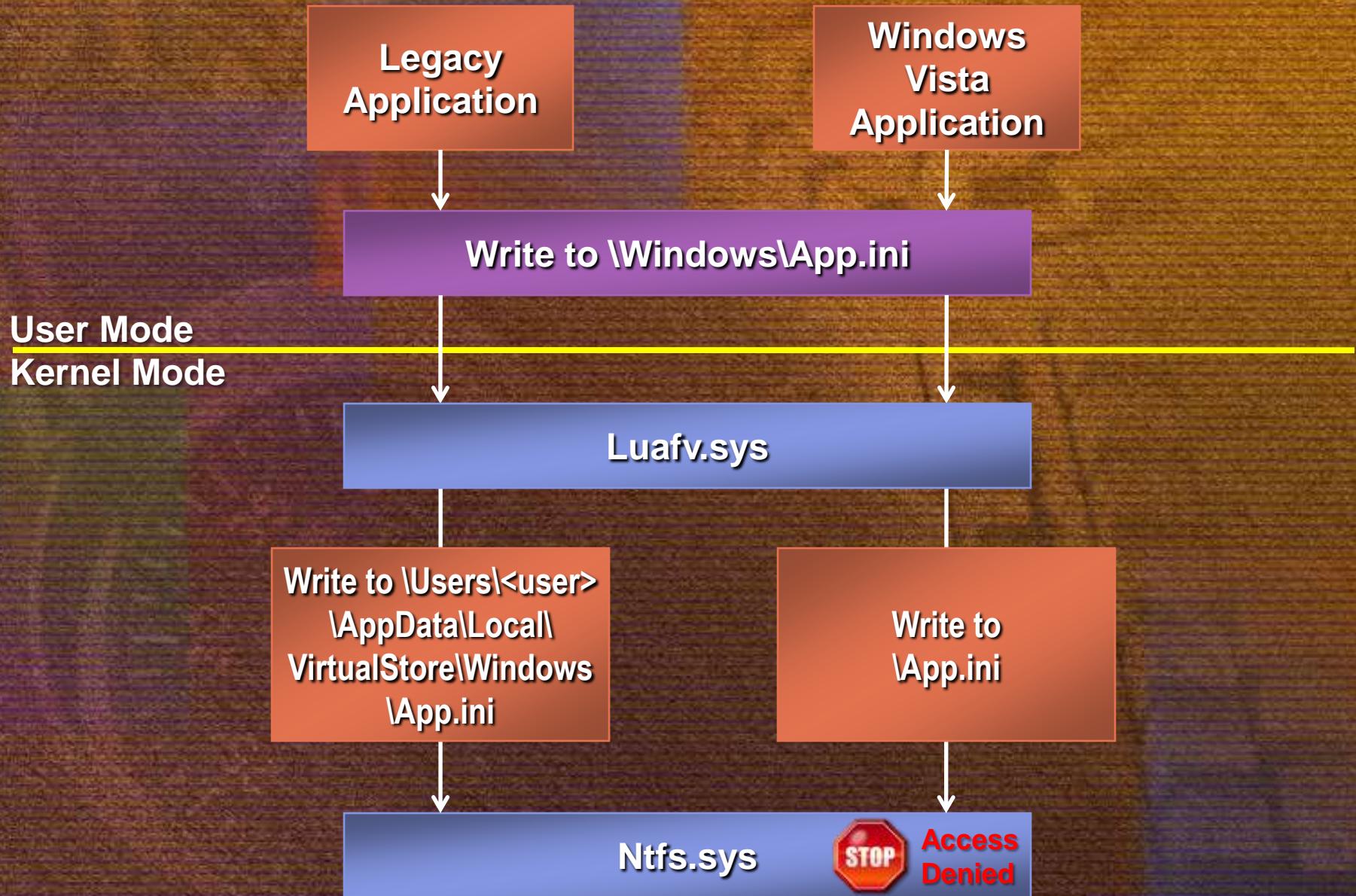
sigcheck -m filename

File Virtualization

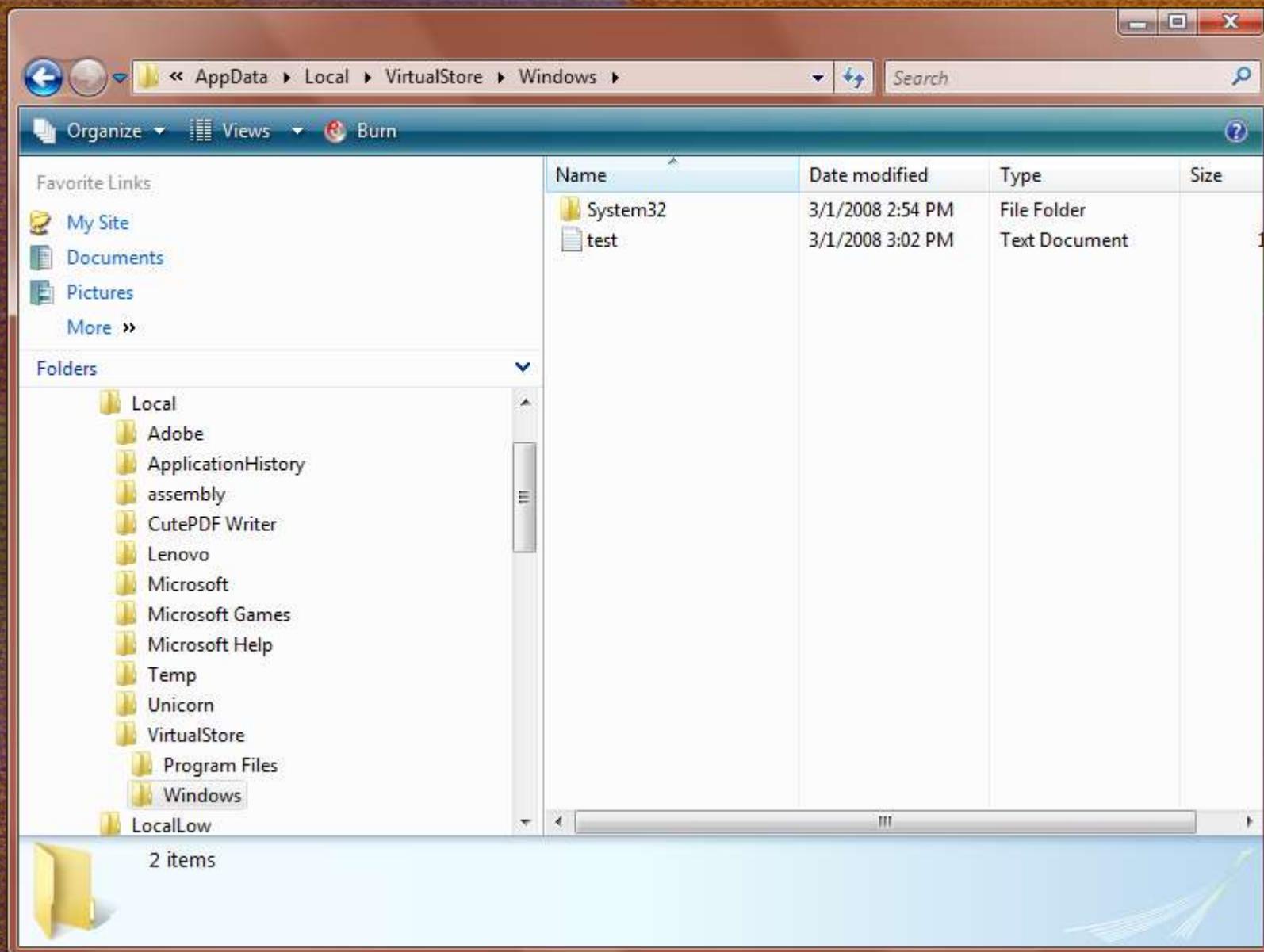
- %ProgramFiles%
- %ProgramData%
- %SystemRoot%
- NOT virtualized: exe bat scr vbs
- Add additional extensions
HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Luafv\Parameters\ExcludeExtensionsAdd
- \Users<user>\AppData\Local
 \VirtualStore



File Virtualization



File Virtualization



VIRTUALIZATION DISABLED

```
C:\Windows>echo hello > test.txt  
Access is denied.
```

VIRTUALIZATION ENABLED

```
C:\Windows>echo hello > test.txt
```

```
C:\Windows>dir test.txt  
Volume in drive C is OS  
Volume Serial Number is BC42-D427
```

```
Directory of C:\Windows
```

```
03/01/2008  03:02 PM           8 test.txt  
                  1 File(s)      8 bytes  
                  0 Dir(s)   48,717,230,080 bytes free
```

VIRTUALIZATION DISABLED

```
C:\Windows>dir test.txt  
Volume in drive C is OS  
Volume Serial Number is BC42-D427
```

```
Directory of C:\Windows
```

```
File Not Found
```

```
C:\Windows>dir %localappdata%\virtualstore\windows  
Volume in drive C is OS  
Volume Serial Number is BC42-D427
```

```
Directory of C:\Users\bobmccoy\AppData\Local\virtualstore\windows
```

```
03/01/2008  02:55 PM    <DIR>          .  
03/01/2008  02:55 PM    <DIR>          ..  
03/01/2008  02:54 PM    <DIR>          System32  
03/01/2008  03:02 PM            8 test.txt  
                  1 File(s)      8 bytes  
                  3 Dir(s)   48,717,426,688 bytes free
```

```
C:\Windows>
```



Registry Virtualization

- Virtualize most of the HKLM\Software branch
- Exceptions:
 - HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows
 - HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT
 - HKLM\Software\Classes
- HKCU\Software\Classes\VirtualStore

Elevation

- **Granting a process admin rights**
- **Admin Approval Mode (AAM)**
 - Administrators run as standard users
 - Two identities at login – standard and admin
 - Simple “Continue” – consent elevation
- **Over the Shoulder (OTS)**
 - Enter alternative admin credentials
- **whoami /groups**

Vista Admin Groups

- **Built-In Administrators**
- **Certificate Administrators**
- **Domain Administrators**
- **Enterprise Administrators**
- **Policy Administrators**
- **Schema Administrators**
- **Domain Controllers**
- **Enterprise Read-Only Domain Controllers**
- **Read-Only Domain Controllers**
- **Account Operators**
- **Backup Operators**
- **Cryptographic Operators**
- **Network Configuration Operators**
- **Print Operators**
- **System Operators**
- **RAS Servers**
- **Power Users**
- **Pre-Windows 2000 Compatible Access**

Resources

- **Inside Windows Vista User Account Control (by markruss)**
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/magazine/cc138019.aspx>
- **Mt.exe (Windows SDK)**
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa375649.aspx>
- **Whoami.exe (Windows 2000 Resource Kit)**
<http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?familyid=3E89879D-6C0B-4F92-96C4-1016C187D429&displaylang=en>
- **Application Compatibility Toolkit**
<http://technet.microsoft.com/windowsvista/aa905066.aspx>
- **LUA Buglight**
http://blogs.msdn.com/aaron_margosis/archive/2006/08/07/Lua_Buglight.aspx
- **Process Explorer**
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/bb896653.aspx>

Resources

- **Sigcheck**
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/bb897441.aspx>
- **Understanding and Configuring User Account Control in Windows Vista**
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc709628.aspx>
- **Windows Client Security and Encryption**
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/aa905062.aspx>
- **User Account Control Step-by-Step Guide**
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc709691.aspx>

"The reason we put UAC into the platform was to annoy users. I'm serious," said Cross.

"We needed to change the ecosystem, and we needed a heavy hammer to do it," Cross said.

"Microsoft Exec: UAC Designed To 'Annoy Users'"

**By Kevin McLaughlin, ChannelWeb
April 10, 2008**

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